

Diagnosis and Treatment of Pulmonary Tuberculosis

Tuberculosis has burdened the country for so many years. Presently, it is still a major health hazard. It is geared toward preventing and controlling the spread/ transmission of tuberculosis (TB) in the community. This program caters to the so called TB symptomatic, meaning, patients having a chronic cough of more than two (2) weeks or coughing out blood, afternoon low grade fever, body weakness, and sudden loss of weight for the last six (6) months.

Office or Division:		Municipal Health Office		
Classification:		Simple		
Type of Transaction:		G2C – Government to Citizen		
Who may avail:		All		
CHECKLIST OF REQUIREMENTS			WHERE TO SECURE	
Individual Treatment Record Sputum cup with Phlegm Sputum Result Chest x-ray Request and result			Municipal Health Office	
CLIENT STEPS	AGENCY ACTION	FEES TO BE PAID	PROCESSING TIME	PERSON RESPONSIBLE
1. Go to assessment admitting section	1. Nurse and Midwife on duty take the patients personal data, the reason why the patient came for check-up and the patient's vital signs. These are all logged in the patient's individual chart.	None	3 Minutes	<i>Nurse I Midwife I, II</i> Office of the Municipal Health Office
2. All TB symptomatic admitted are referred to the physician	2. Physician further examine patient for proper evaluation and assessment	None	3 Minutes	<i>Midwife I, II</i> Office of the Municipal Health Office
3. All TB patient symptomatic proceed to laboratory for sputum examination	3. Medical Technologist, collect sputum specimen.	None	2 Minutes	<i>Medical Technologist</i> Municipal Health Office
4. Follow up sputum results	4. Medical Technologist, release sputum specimen.	None	1 Minute	<i>Medical Technologist</i> Municipal Health Office